

Chapter-9

Worksheet-2

Choose the correct option:

1. For what was the south India famous for?
 - (a) Gold
 - (b) Spices
 - (c) Stones
 - (d) All of these

2. Where did the Romans find Gold?
 - (a) South India
 - (b) East India
 - (c) West India
 - (d) North India

3. Which river valley is the most fertile?
 - (a) Kaveri River Valley
 - (b) Yamuna River Valley
 - (c) Brahmaputra River Valley
 - (d) None of these

4. Who controlled the river valleys?
 - (a) Chiefs and kings
 - (b) Poor men
 - (c) Ordinary people
 - (d) None of these

5. What does muvendar mean?
 - (a) Three chiefs
 - (b) Three kings
 - (c) Three groups of people
 - (d) None of these

6. When did Cholas, Cheras and Pandyas become powerful in South India?
 - (a) About 1,300 years ago



- (b) About 2,300 years ago
- (c) About 3,300 years ago
- (d) About 4,300 years ago

7. Who was the most powerful ruler of Satavahanas?

- (a) Gautamiputra Sri Satakarni
- (b) Krishna
- (c) Sidhartha
- (d) All of these

8. Who were known as lord of dakshanipath?

- (a) Chandragupta
- (b) Raja Ram Mohan Rai
- (c) Gautamiputra Sri Satakarni
- (d) None of these

9. To whom did the Chinese rulers send gifts of silk?

- (a) Rulers of Iran
- (b) Rulers of Iraq
- (c) Rulers of Pakistan
- (d) Rulers of Kajakistan

10. Which tree was shown in the sculptures?

- (a) Neem
- (b) Tulsi
- (c) Peepal
- (d) Mango

Answer the following Questions.

11. Why did kings want to control the Silk Route?

12. What kinds of evidence do historians use to find out about trade and trade routes?

13. What were the main features of Bhakti?

14. Discuss the reasons why the Chinese pilgrims came to India.

15. Why do you think ordinary people were attracted to Bhakti?

16. Who was Gautamiputra Shri Satakami? How do we come to Know about him?
17. How did the knowledge of silk spread far and wide?
18. What was the Bhakti system of belief?
19. What do you mean by Silk Route? What was its significance?
20. What was Bhakti movement? Why did it become more popular?

